

# Chapter 31

## Amendments 22-25: Additional Extraneous Executive Regulations

### Amendment 22

No person shall be elected to the office of the President more than twice, and no person who has held the office of President, or acted as President, for more than two years of a term to which some other person was elected President shall be elected to the office of the President more than once. But this article shall not apply to any person holding the office of President when this article was proposed by the Congress, and shall not prevent any person who may be holding the office of President, or acting a President, during the term within which this article becomes operative from holding the office of President, or acting as President during the remainder of such term.

Amendment 22, passed by Congress on March 21, 1947, and ratified on February 27, 1951, limits Presidents to two terms. Because the elected position of President is itself unbiblical, the additional regulations found in Amendment 22 are extraneous. See [Chapter Five](#) “Article 2: Executive Usurpation” for additional information regarding the superfluous position of president and the unbiblical nature of term limits.

### Amendment 23

The District constituting the seat of Government of the United States shall appoint in such manner as Congress may direct: A number of electors of President and Vice President equal to the whole number of the Senators and Representatives in Congress to which the District would be entitled if it were a State, but in no event more than the least populous State; they shall be in addition to those appointed by the States, but they shall be considered, for the purposes of the election of President and Vice President, to be electors appointed by a State; and they shall meet in the District and perform such duties as provided by the twelfth article of amendment.

Amendment 23, passed by Congress on June 17, 1960, and ratified on March 29, 1961, grants citizens in the District of Columbia the right to vote for electors for President and Vice President. Because elections and the positions of President and Vice President are themselves unbiblical, the additional regulations found in Amendment 23 are extraneous. See [Chapter Five](#) “Article 2: Executive Usurpation” for additional information regarding the superfluous positions of president and vice president and the unbiblical nature of elections.

### Amendment 24

The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice-President, for elector for President or Vice-President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reasons of failure to pay any poll tax or other tax.

Amendment 24, passed by Congress on August 27, 1962, and ratified on January 23, 1964, prevents Congress from prohibiting anyone from voting because they do not pay taxes.

Because the elected positions of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives are themselves unbiblical, the additional regulations found in Amendment 24 are extraneous. See [Chapter Five](#) “Article 2: Executive Usurpation” for additional information regarding the superfluous positions of president, vice president, senator, and representative and the unbiblical nature of elections.

## **Amendment 25**

### Section 1

In case of the removal of the President from office or of his death or resignation, the Vice President shall become President.

### Section 2

Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of the Vice President, the President shall nominate a Vice President who shall take office upon confirmation by a majority vote of both Houses of Congress....

Amendment 25, passed by Congress on July 6, 1965, and ratified on February 10, 1967, provides stipulations regarding presidential and vice presidential vacancies and the resumption of their official duties. Because the positions of President and Vice President are themselves unbiblical, the additional regulations found in Amendment 25 are extraneous. See [Chapter Five](#) “Article 2: Executive Usurpation” for additional information regarding the superfluous positions of president and vice president.